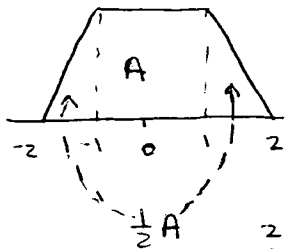


Uitwerking 14-10-'9b

① a) normeer $\Rightarrow \int_a^b f(x) dx = 1$

$$A \int_{-2}^{-1} (x+2) dx + A \int_{-1}^1 1 dx + A \int_1^2 (-x+2) dx = 1 \Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{3}$$

handig: oppervlakte grafiek moet 1 zijn:



$$\text{opp} = 3A = 1 \Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{3}$$

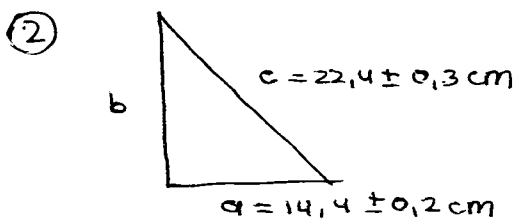
② $\bar{x} = \int_{-2}^2 x f(x) dx = 0$ (symmetrie!)

③ $\bar{x}^2 = A \int_{-2}^{-1} x^2(x+2) dx + A \int_{-1}^1 x^2 dx + A \int_1^2 x^2(-x+2) dx = 2\frac{1}{2}A = \frac{5}{6}$

$$\bar{x}^2 = (\bar{x})^2 = 0 \text{ (zie ②)}$$

$$\sigma^2 = \bar{x}^2 - \bar{x}^2 \Rightarrow \sigma = \sqrt{\frac{5}{6} - 0} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{6}}$$

④ oppervlakte $(1,2) = \frac{1}{2}A = \frac{1}{6} = \text{kans op waarde in interval } (1,2)$
 anders: $P\{1 \leq x \leq 2\} = \int_1^2 f(x) dx = A \int_1^2 (-x+2) dx$



$$b = \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$$

$$\text{Omtrek} = a + b + c = a + c + \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_{\text{omtrek}}^2 &= \left(\frac{\partial \text{Omtrek}}{\partial c} \right)^2 S_c^2 + \left(\frac{\partial \text{Omtrek}}{\partial a} \right)^2 S_a^2 \\ &= \left(1 + \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2 - a^2}} \right)^2 S_c^2 + \left(1 + \frac{-a}{\sqrt{c^2 - a^2}} \right)^2 S_a^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$b = 17,2 \pm 0,7 \text{ cm}$$

Uitwerking 14-10-'96

$$\textcircled{3} \textcircled{a} \quad M = \sum w_i D_i^2 = \text{Minimaal} = \sum w_i (y_i - ax_i - b)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{differentiëren naar } a : a \sum w_i x_i^2 + b \sum w_i x_i - \sum w_i x_i y_i = 0$$

$$\text{" " " } b : a \sum w_i x_i + b \sum w_i - \sum w_i y_i = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{\overline{xy} - \bar{x}\bar{y}}{\overline{x^2} - (\bar{x})^2} \quad \text{met } \bar{x} = \frac{\sum w_i x_i}{\sum w_i} \quad \text{en } w_i = \frac{1}{s_i^2}$$

$$b = \bar{y} - a\bar{x}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad \bar{x} = \frac{1+2+3+4+5}{5} = 3 \quad (\text{alle } w_i=1, \text{ want fout in } x_i \text{ verwaarlozen})$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{1 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 4 + 5 \cdot 4 + 6 \cdot 4}{1 + 1 + 4 + 4 + 4} = 4\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\overline{xy} = \frac{\sum w_i x_i y_i}{\sum w_i} = \frac{1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 + 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 + 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 4}{14} = \frac{253}{14}$$

$$\text{of } \overline{x^2} = \frac{1+4+9+16+25}{5} = 11$$

$$a = \frac{\frac{253}{14} - 3 \cdot 4\frac{1}{2}}{11 - 3^2} = \frac{4\frac{4}{7}}{2} \cong 2,3$$

$$b \cong 4\frac{1}{2} - 2,3 \cdot 3 \cong -2,4$$